

DESERET EVENING NEWS

Corner of South Temple and East Temple Streets, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Morace G. Whitney - Business Manager.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICES:
(In Advance)

One Year \$9.00
Six Months \$5.00
Three Months \$2.50
One Month \$1.00
Saturday Edition, per year \$2.00
Semi-Weekly, per year \$2.00

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the EDITOR.

Address all business communications and all remittances to THE DESERET NEWS, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Eastern Representatives—New York, Franklin P. Allen, 17th Street Building, Chicago—A. W. Wolf, Security Building.

Entered at the postoffice of Salt Lake City as second class matter according to Act of Congress, March 3, 1879.

SALT LAKE CITY, - NOV. 26, 1909.

"MEN I HAVE KNOWN."

An interesting volume by Adlai E. Stevenson, on "Something of Men I Have Known," has just been published by A. C. McClurg & Co., Chicago. It contains no less than fifty-one pen pictures and historical sketches, many of which are illustrated. Among the portraits the reader finds in this album of American celebrities are George F. Hoar, Samuel J. Tilden, James G. Blaine, James A. Garfield, David Dudley Field, Henry Watterson, Levi P. Morton, McKinley, Lincoln, Grant, Stephen A. Douglas, Ingersoll, Cleveland, Edwin Booth, Joseph Jefferson, Bryan, and many others. The author introduces the reader to the House of Representatives, and the Senate. He tells of historical incidents, some long ago forgotten but important.

Mr. Stevenson devotes a chapter to "The Mormon Exodus from Illinois" and illustrates this with a portrait of the Prophet Joseph. The remark is, perhaps, not wholly out of place here, that while the Prophet is considered to have played a role important enough in the history of the country to be placed in a collection of pictures of historical figures of this eminence, Gov. Ford is given no such place. You look in vain for his picture in this book. Like Pilate, he is mentioned only because of his nearness to the principal figures in the painting.

Mr. Stevenson accounts for the tragedy at Carthage and exodus from Illinois, chiefly on political grounds. He says when the Saints came to Illinois, in 1839, the Whigs and Democrats both contended for supremacy, and both were eager to gain the Mormon vote. For a time, he says, the Saints were inclined to support the Whig party but soon they changed. When, in 1843, the last hope of Whig support was gone, the Whigs joined the ranks of the anti-Mormon party, and began a crusade for the expulsion of the people from the state. And this culminated in the tragedy, by which the Prophet and Patriarch became martyrs of the Church they had been instrumental in founding, and the subsequent exodus.

The author, to be sure, considers some contributing causes. He believes that the Prophet committed "this crowning act of folly" when he announced himself a candidate for President. He tells a story, on the authority of Gov. Ford, of the institution of a priesthood that was to be the "nobility" of the earthly dynasty, and of the "Danites." He adds something, also, on the testimony of Ford, on polygamy, the trouble with the Laws and the destruction of the Expositor, but all these he considers but "incidents" which "added quickly fuel to the flame." The main cause was by no means over with the departure of the leaders. There was a momentary quick, but the anti-Mormonism soon rallied and organized for the purpose of expelling the entire Mormon population from the state. We believe the author has tried to be fair and impartial in his presentation of this subject, but he has, in our view, attached undue importance to anti-Mormon evidence.

Whatever the secondary causes were, the chief motive was that which has operated from the beginning and caused a conflict between the forces of good and evil. Why was Polygamy burned at the stake by the proconsul of Syria? Why were the victims of Nero, Domitian, Decius, Diocletian, mercilessly slain? Why were the Huguenots massacred? Why did Cain rise up against his brother? Why did persecutors in all ages rage against their victims? The answer to these questions is the same, just as human nature is the same. The conflict between the forces of good and evil; truth and falsehood; righteousness and sin, and it will continue, until He comes whose right it is to reign.

AMERICA IN GERMANY.

There is to be an American exposition at Berlin, next year. That is a new idea in expositions. It is proposed to bring American exhibits to one of the foreign commercial centers of the world, instead of inviting foreigners to bring the evidences of their skill to our country. The exhibition will be held during the months of June, July and August. Prince Henry of Prussia is the honorary president of the German reception committee. J. Pierpont Morgan, David R. Francis, and John W. Wadsworth are honorary presidents of the American committee. Leading men in both countries are said to have promised their support.

According to the prospectus, "the object of the American Exposition, Berlin, 1910, is to present in the commercial heart of Europe an epitome of our industrial achievements, our natural resources and our progress along artistic and intellectual lines. Designed primarily for the purpose of extending our trade relations with Germany, such an object lesson, it is believed, will have a far-reaching effect on our exports generally and serve to cement the ties of friendship which unite the two great countries. National in scope and planned along encyclopaedic lines, as it were, the exposition is to include not only the best products of American industries, but also to illustrate, by means of suitable exhibits, the spirit of progress and enterprise

which characterizes the land of unlimited possibilities."

Success to this enterprise! Every step that has a tendency to bring nations together deserves encouragement. It means the ultimate consolidation of nations into one family.

CHINESE STUDENTS COMING.

There is no doubt that China is rapidly advancing along the lines of western civilization. Only a few days ago 47 Chinese students landed at San Francisco. They are to enter American institutes of learning at the expense of the Chinese government. And others are to follow. During the next three years 160 students will come annually, and then for 25 years fifty, each year.

The qualifications required in candidates for these scholarships, give further proof of the country's wonderful advancement. The examinations last six days. The first two are devoted to Chinese and English literature and composition. Then come two days of intermission. On the fifth day the results of the examinations in Chinese and English literature and composition are announced. This reduces the number of applicants considerably. Of 600 competitors perhaps 80 stand the language test, and they are permitted to proceed with the examination in algebra, plane geometry, German, French, Latin, solid geometry, trigonometry, chemistry, and the history of Rome and Greece. Those who are able to satisfy the examiners in all these branches, are sent to western schools to continue their studies.

China, under the care of a paternal government, will, undoubtedly, advance as rapidly as Japan has done. In half a century more we will have in eastern Asia a nation, four hundred millions strong, with a modern navy and a superior army; with statesmen as keen in diplomacy as any on earth, and with resources of the extent of which few at this time have any idea. At present the Chinese are a peaceful people. They do not believe in war. But will they change sentiment as they advance? Will they become a warrior nation, hungry and thirsting for more territory? Who can tell? Under all circumstances they will, in a few years, be a nation of even more importance in the councils of nations than are the Japanese today.

We are witnessing the awakening of Asia. There is unusual activity in Turkey, Persia, India, Japan, China. It means that a new day in history is about to break. A new era is dawning.

DECLINING BIRTHRATE.

Attention is again being called to the decrease of the birthrate in France. Some little gain was shown last year, but this is again lost. According to the French "Official," the number of births during the first half of the present year is 12,700 smaller than those for the corresponding period of 1908. At the same time, deaths have increased by twenty-five thousand. This is, of course, highly discouraging to the militarists who see the armies of other nations grow annually, from natural causes, while the French army is, perhaps, decreasing in numerical strength.

In this country we are wont to decant upon the moral status of France, as shown in this birthrate, but are we, ourselves, very far behind France in this respect? Professor Wilcox, of Cornell University, has recently stated that "the decline of the birthrate in the United States has probably been as rapid as in any country of Europe, and if it should continue unchecked for a century and a half, at the end of that time no births would take place."

This is, of course, an extreme conclusion, but it is true that we could not do without immigration, and that we need to study the lesson of France to avoid a similar condition.

DO NOT READ THEM.

Col. Henry Watterson knows something about newspapers. The other day he told the Washington Press club some unadorned truths—equally interesting to the public and the profession. He said of the sensation mongers:

"Pretending to be the special defenders of liberty we are becoming the invaders of private right. No household seems any longer safe against intrusion. Our reporters are being turned into detectives. As surely as this he checked we shall grow to be the objects of fear and hatred instead of trust and respect. I say this in your interest, as well as the interest of the public and the profession. The work you are often set to do subjects you to aversion and contempt—brings you and a mighty high calling into disrepute—by confusing the purpose and functions of a newspaper with those of the police and the scavenger."

Every newspaper knows that this is true, and the reputable papers are regretting it and striving to combat that tendency, which has no higher motive than the feeding of mercenary interests. The evil is one of the many, of which money is the root. Unscrupulous publishers find that they can make money by selling scandals and sensational tales, and consequently they make it the business of their reporters to search out such stuff, and they print it with such embellishments as the editorial fancy may suggest, all under the pretense of giving their readers "the news," as if there were no "news" worth printing except scandals.

We are pleased that Col. Watterson has called attention to this serious blench of the modern press. The public has it in its power to remedy the evil. Scandal mongers have been excluded from every respectable home. That is the treatment that ought to be accorded to the class of newspapers Mr. Watterson criticizes.

Many a family tree is no more than a upas tree.

How a talkative woman hates to have her age told on her.

A red-headed woman most generally has a ready wit.

A custom house divided against itself cannot stand.

The Aggies come for victory but they look defeat gracefully.

The American Sugar Refining com-

pany was only trying to make "a reasonable profit."

Those who violate the speed laws should have speedy punishment.

And why shouldn't President Taft walk the streets of Washington? The walking is good.

When a flood of money is sent out presumably it is for the purpose of paying floating debts.

The army is to be armed with noiseless rifles. When it is so armed it is to be hoped that less will be heard about enlarging it.

More tremblers are felt just now on that part of Manhattan Island where the custom house is located than in all the rest of the country.

A Yale man has been appointed governor of New Mexico. Yale is coming to its own, but somewhat late. Still it is better late than never.

The Federal building is to be enlarged, which is good news, but why is it that the government never erects a building that is large enough in the first instance?

Lady Cook seems to have forgotten before she started for England to name a trustee for that million dollars she was to give to aid the cause of woman suffrage.

NEW NEWS OF YESTERDAY

THE SECRET MESSAGE THAT "DAN" MANNING CARRIED TO PRESIDENT ARTHUR.

By E. J. Edwards.
This daily series of anecdotes and incidents that throw new, interesting and frequently dramatic light on famous events and personalities of the past have been collected by Edwards during nearly forty years of more or less intimate acquaintance with many of the country's leaders since the Civil War. Each anecdote or incident is fresh from Mr. Edwards's notebook, and, either in whole or in part, it constitutes New News of Yesterday, gathered from the men who made the new history—or from equally authoritative sources. As important contributions of the "Human Interest" sort to American history, these articles have a distinctive value all their own.

One afternoon in late June of 1884, at the time of day in summer when all Washington is drowsy, I went into Jackson Square, which faces the White House, to get a little relief in the shade from the heat of the day. A week earlier I had returned from the Republican National Convention at Chicago, which nominated Blaine for the presidency, with President Arthur as his leading opponent. The Democratic convention was to meet in the city the first week in July, and it was the general impression that Grover Cleveland would be the Democratic nominee.

As I strolled through the park, some one called me by name, and when I looked up to return the greeting, there stood President Arthur himself. He greeted me cordially, told me that he was on his way to Secretary of State Prentiss's house, and added that he would be delighted if I would walk over with him and tell him some of the interesting features of the Republican convention. "You see," he added, by way of explanation, "I haven't heard much about them. Very few of my friends who were there have yet returned to Washington."

Naturally, among other matters, I told the President that at one time he probably could have been nominated, had he had a good general on the ground. "And," I added, "the general impression is, Mr. President, that had you been nominated, you would have been reasonably sure of election."

"Yes, I think I would have been elected," replied the President, "for I have reason to believe that New York State would have supported me, and I am afraid there is considerable doubt of the ability of Mr. Blaine to carry the state."

We walked along in silence for a few moments.

"I am not basing my judgment that I would have carried New York state upon any false confidence or vanity," continued the President. "Some of my Democratic friends believe that I would have received a plurality of at least thirty thousand votes in the state. One of these friends is Daniel Manning, of Albany."

"I have known Mr. Manning for many years, and our personal relations have been very cordial. Two or three

NO ROMANCE HERE.

Muscotah, Wyo., Record.
Recently one of our most fastidious young men bought a pair of overalls and found in them the name of the sewing girl who made them. He very promptly wrote her a letter with all the effusiveness necessary in such a case, and in due time received a reply, which, however, was void of the romance usual in such cases. Here it is: "I am a working girl, it is true, but I make a good living, and I do not care to support a husband, as I would have to do if I married you. No household seems any longer safe against intrusion. Our reporters are being turned into detectives. As surely as this he checked we shall grow to be the objects of fear and hatred instead of trust and respect. I say this in your interest, as well as the interest of the public and the profession. The work you are often set to do subjects you to aversion and contempt—brings you and a mighty high calling into disrepute—by confusing the purpose and functions of a newspaper with those of the police and the scavenger."

DISCOVERS NEW WATERFALL.

Springfield Republican.
The highest waterfall—or the deepest, as you choose—in North America has just been found on the Castor River in Labrador by Edward Bach Barr, of Oakbrook, whose father is a Milwaukee minister. Mr. Barr was on a canoe trip, deer hunting being incidental. He and his friend undertook to find a canoe route from Blue Lake to the sea, and after a struggling time, in the course of which they fell short of food, they reached the river whose falls they had heard spoken of. His friend was used up, but Mr. Barr kept on, with his camera hung about his neck, and climbing a tree took photographs of the fall. He estimated the fall at 400 feet, or more than twice that of Niagara, and he saw at a long distance another fall which he thought might be 200 feet.

JUST FOR FUN.

His Impression.
Suffragette—We believe that a woman should get a man's wages.
Married Man—Well, judging from my own experience, she does.—Titbits.

A Preference Approved.
"Your husband says he prefers baseball to the theater," said one woman.
"Yes," answered the other, "and I am anxious to encourage the preference. The theater tempts him to try to slug popular acts when he gets home, but a baseball game gives him all the vocal exercise he can stand."—Washington Star.

Unfortunately.
He—A magazine writer says that men must admire women who dress in black.
She—Yes, but we can't all be widows.—Chicago News.

Some Ice.
A woman was ordered by the doctor to put some ice in a bag and bind it on the temples of her sick boy. On inquiring after his patient the next day he was informed, "Oh, Tommy's

In his speech on the budget Lord Rosebery said he doubted whether the lords were choosing the best battlefield. They seem to be choosing a Waterloo for their battlefield.

Lord Rosebery's speech on the Lansdowne resolution for the rejection of the budget bill was like the voice of one crying in the wilderness. Let England's upper house heed it.

The Standard Oil company authoritatively announces that it has no intention of trying to procure the amendment of the Sherman anti-trust law. What a load this will take off Uncle Sam's mind!

"We shall only have good times when the people of the entire world cease strife," says Mr. Justice Brewer of the United States supreme court. Does not prosperity, which we are having, constitute good times?

Students and others broke up a suffragette meeting in London the other night. They used modified suffragette methods. Like the suffragettes, they were driven to this in the effort to secure their political rights.

Captain Amundsen says that he did not find football nearly so bad as he expected. What did he expect? A decimation of the whole college population? Twenty-seven deaths should be as bad as anyone expects to find football.

SALT LAKE THEATRE

Geo. D. Pyper, Mgr.

Tonight and Tomorrow Night

SATURDAY MATINEE

Victor Herbert's Popular Opera.

THE SERENADE

by the

SALT LAKERS.

Prices, 25c to \$1.00; boxes \$1.50; Matinee 25c and 50c. Children 25c anywhere.

Next Attraction,

"IN OLD KENTUCKY."

Seat sale tomorrow.

Both Phones 2549.

Opheum THEATRE

ADVANCED VAUDEVILLE.

MATINEE TODAY 2:15

EVERY EVENING, 8:15

Mary Norman. Pils. Ed. E. Reynard. Patrice.

The Famous Duffin-Reddy Troupe.

The Hopkins Sisters. Shasino.

Matinee Prices—50c, 75c, 1.00. Night Prices—25c, 50c, 75c.

COLONIAL

TONIGHT,

The Musical Novelty,

The Girl Question

Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, 1.00.

Matinee Saturday. All seats reserved. 25c and 50c.

Next Week: "IN WYOMING."

The Grand

Salt Lake's Most Popular Playhouse.

TONIGHT AND ALL WEEK.

BROWN OF HARVARD

It's simply great—one of the best productions of the season.

Special Matinee Thursday

A tip—Get seats early. All performances going big.

The Shubert

OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE.

50c to \$1.50.

TONIGHT AND BALANCE OF WEEK, WITH MATINEE

SATURDAY.

LIEBLER & CO.'S PRODUCTION.

THE MAN FROM HOME

THE SUCCESS OF THE CENTURY

COAL TIME

Do not let your supply run too low.

"PEACOCK"

"Rock Springs"

IS STILL LEADER.

Central Coal & Coke Co.

40 West 2nd South St.

Phones: Bell Ex. 35. Ind. 2600.

BUNGALOW

Pantages Vaudeville

TODAY

2:30, 7:30, 9:00 p. m.

CONSUL, JR.

THE BIG SENSATION

and

5—OTHER BIG ACTS—5

Prices—10c, 20c, 30c, 50c. Matinee, 10c, 20c, 30c.

Z. C. M. I.

Half Price Silk Petticoat Special

Saturday morning—a nice variety to select from—black and colors—come early and take advantage of this great Saturday special. Regular \$6.50 Petticoats for

\$3.25

Not more than two to a customer



OUR DRUG STORE IS AT 113-114 SOUTH MAIN ST.

Z. C. M. I. Saturday Specials

Tomorrow will be an exceptionally busy day. In addition to the impelling price reductions that are in evidence in every department, a great many Christmas goods are being displayed—it is to your advantage to make your gift purchases now.

Great Millinery Sale



A line of Street Hats, ranging from \$5.00 to \$7.50, your choice at.....

\$2.50

A line of Street Hats, ranging from \$7.50 to \$12.50, your choice at.....

\$5.00

A line of Street Hats, ranging from \$12.50 to \$25.00, your choice at....

\$10.00

Our entire line of Dress Hats, Friday and Saturday.....

Half Price

All Children's and Misses' Hats, Friday and Saturday.....

Half Price

Everything else (excepting Gold Trimmings) in the department—plumes, wings, aigrettes, feathers, flowers, untrimmed shapes, etc., Friday and Saturday—

Half Price

English Diagonals and Scotch Mixtures

The season's newest productions, particularly desirable for ladies' and misses' suits, dresses, separate skirts, etc. In all colors and black, from 44 to 54 inches wide. They are certainly bargains at the prices quoted:

Regular \$1.25 values, a yard.....

Regular \$1.75 values, a yard.....

Regular \$1.50 values, a yard.....

Regular \$2.00 values, a yard.....

Regular \$2.25 values, a yard \$1.65.

Colored Outing Flannels

All Colored Outing Flannels—pinks, blues, greys and combination colors in stripes, checks and figures. Suitable for men's shirts, women's and children's undergarments, petticoats, night gowns, shirt waists, etc.

Regular 8 1-3c a yard for.....

Regular 10c a yard for.....

Regular 12 1/2c a yard for.....

Regular 15c a yard for.....

Flannelette Reductions

The largest and most desirable line of Flannelette in the city. A Kimono, Dressing Sacque, Wrapper or House Dress would be especially appropriate for a Christmas gift. Buy your materials at these reduced prices.

Regular 10c a yard for.....

Regular 15c a yard for.....

Regular 12 1/2c a yard for.....

Regular 17 1/2c a yard for.....

All Amoskeag Apron Gingham, 7 1-2c yd

All A.F.C. Red Seal Apron Gingham, 10c yd

All Bates Seersuckers, 10c yd

Men's Extra Size Suits One-third Off

Gent's Clothing Department Second Floor.

All colors and fabrics, sizes 44 to 50 breast measurement; good medium weight suitable for any season of the year. Regular prices range from \$15 to \$24. Tomorrow—

One-third Off

BLACKS INCLUDED IN THIS SALE.

No exchanges—no approvals. Alterations extra.



OUR DRUG STORE IS AT 113-114 SOUTH MAIN ST.